### organic compounds

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# 1,2-Dimethoxy-4-methyl-3-[(S)-p-tolyl-sulfinyl]benzene

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.039; wR factor = 0.099; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.7.

In the title compound,  $C_{16}H_{18}O_3S$ , the dihedral angle between the benzene rings is 75.48 (8)°. The absolute configuration at the stereogenic S-atom center was determined as *S*. The crystal structure is stabilized by intermolecular  $C-H \cdots O$  contacts.

### **Related literature**

For related sulfoxides, see: Brondel *et al.* (2010); Fuller *et al.* (2009). The title compound was prepared as a starting material for the synthesis of the tetrahydroprotoberberine alkaloids (S)-(-)-tetrahydropalmatine and (S)-(-)-canadine following a synthetic strategy similar to that used for the synthesis of (S)-(-)-xylopinine (Mastranzo *et al.*, 2011).



b = 8.5406 (7) Å

c = 24.0980 (19) Å

V = 1526.5 (2) Å<sup>3</sup>

Z = 4

### **Experimental**

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{18}O_{3}S$	
$M_r = 290.36$	
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	
a = 7.4170 (6) Å	

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  $\mu = 0.22 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2000)  $T_{\rm min} = 0.922, T_{\rm max} = 0.942$ 

#### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$   $wR(F^2) = 0.099$  S = 1.06 3645 reflections 185 parametersH-atom parameters not refined 3645 independent reflections 3380 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$ 

20418 measured reflections

T = 298 K

 $0.38 \times 0.37 \times 0.31 \text{ mm}$ 

 $\begin{array}{l} \Delta \rho_{max} = 0.25 \mbox{ e } \mathring{A}^{-3} \\ \Delta \rho_{min} = -0.13 \mbox{ e } \mathring{A}^{-3} \\ \mbox{ Absolute structure: Flack (1983),} \\ 1534 \mbox{ Friedel pairs} \\ \mbox{ Flack parameter: } 0.01 \mbox{ (6)} \end{array}$ 

Table 1	
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).	

$\overline{D-\mathrm{H}\cdots A}$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	D-H	$\cdots A$
$C8-H8B\cdots O3^{i}$	0.96	2.58	3.366 (3)	139	
C14−H14···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.59	3.457 (2)	155	
$C15-H15\cdots O2^{ii}$	0.93	2.55	3.3886 (18)	150	
$C12-H12\cdots O3^{iii}$	0.93	2.56	3.406 (2)	152	
Symmetry codes: $r - \frac{1}{2} - v + \frac{1}{2} - z$	(i) $-x + 2, y$	$v - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2};$	(ii) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2};$	(iii)

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1999); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2006); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5660).

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### 1,2-Dimethoxy-4-methyl-3-[(S)-p-tolylsulfinyl]benzene

### V. M. Mastranzo, J. L. Olivares, R. Sánchez-Obregón, F. Yuste and R. A. Toscano

### Comment

The compound (*S*)-1,2-dimethoxy-4-methyl-3-(*p*-tolylsulfinyl)benzene was prepared as starting material for the synthesis of the tetrahydroprotoberberine alkaloids (*S*)-(-)-tetrahydropalmatine and (S)-(-)-canadine following a synthetic strategy similar to that used for the synthesis of (S)-(-)-xylopinine (Mastranzo *et al.*, 2011). The absolute configuration of the levorotatory 1,2-dimethoxy-4-methyl-3- (*p*-tolylsulfinyl)benzene (I) was determined by X-ray structure analysis. Figure 1 clearly shows that has the (S) configuration at the stereogenic S1 center. The geometry at S1 conforms to that found for related *p*-tolyl sulfinyl derivatives, it adopts an asymmetric propeller-like conformation having the corresponding C<sub>ortho</sub>—C<sub>ipso</sub>—S—O dihedral angles equal to -53.11 (15) and -28.07 (16)°. The dihedral angle defined by the least-squares planes of the aromatic rings is 75.48 (8)°. In the structure there are some intermolecular C—H···O contacts.

### **Experimental**

### 1-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-N,N-dimethylmethanamine

To a stirred solution of dimethylamine hydrochloride (6.4 g, 78.48 mmol) in MeOH (100 ml) KOH (1.2 g, 21.38 mmol) was added. When the pellets were completely dissolved, 3,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (10.0 g, 60.17 mmol) was added in one portion. The resulting suspension was stirred at room temperature for 15 min. Then, a solution of NaBH<sub>3</sub>CN (1.5 g, 23.87 mmol) in MeOH (15 ml) was added dropwise over 30 min. After the addition was complete, the suspension was stirred for 5 h. Potassium hydroxide (15 g) was then added, and stirring was continued until the pellets were completely dissolved. The reaction mixture was filtered with suction, and the filtrate was reduced to approximately 50 ml with a rotary evaporator while the bath temperature was kept below 40°C. To this concentrate EtOAc (100 mL) and brine (25 ml) were added and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2x50 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 ml), dried over anhydrous potassium carbonate and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (98:2 EtOAc/Et<sub>3</sub>N) to obtain a pale yellow liquid (8.21 g, 70% yield).

(S)-1-[3,4-Dimethoxy-2-(p-tolylsulfinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylmethanamine

To a stirred solution of 1-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-*N*,*N*-dimethylmethanamine (1.6 g, 8.20 mmol) in THF (30 ml) cooled at 0–5°C a 2.3 *M* solution in hexanes of n-BuLi (4.1 ml, 9.02 mmol) was added dropwise. After 2 h, a solution of (*S*)-menthyl *p*-toluenesulfinate (2.9 g, 9.84 mmol) in THF (10 ml) was added *via* cannula. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. Then, the reaction mixture was quenched with of saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (10 ml) and extracted with EtOAc (3 *x* 20 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (99:1 EtOAc/Et<sub>3</sub>N) to give a pale yellow oil (2.4 g, 88% yield),  $[\alpha]_D$ -16.5 (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

(S)-1-(Chloromethyl)-3,4-dimethoxy-2-(p-tolylsulfinyl)benzene

To a slurry of (*S*)-1-[3,4-dimethoxy-2-(*p*-tolylsulfinyl)phenyl]-*N*,*N*- dimethyl methanamine (4.02 g, 11.98 mmol, 1 equiv) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (2.64 g, 19.17 mmol, 1.6 equiv) in THF (10 ml) cooled at -78°C ethyl chloroformate (2.08 g, 19.17 mmol, 1.6 equiv) was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. The resulting mixture was quenched with water (10 ml) and extracted with EtOAc (3x15 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (70:30 hexane/EtOAc) to give a pale yellow solid (2.66 g, 68% yield), mp 77–78°C,  $[\alpha]_D$ -132.4 (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

(S)-1,2-Dimethoxy-4-methyl-3-(p-tolylsulfinyl)benzene (I)

A mixture of (*S*)-1-(chloromethyl)-3,4-dimethoxy-2-(*p*-tolylsulfinyl) benzene (1.72 g, 5.29 mmol) and NaBH<sub>4</sub> (1.2 g, 31.77 mmol) in THF (30 ml) was heated at reflux for 18 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.10H<sub>2</sub>O and filtered through Celite. The filtrate was evaporated under vacuum and the residue purified by flash chromatography (80:20 hexane/EtOAc) to obtain a white solid (1.03 g, 67%), mp 127–128°C,  $[\alpha]_D$  -198.2 (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with C—H = 0.95–0.99 Å and with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2$  (1.5 for methyl groups) times  $U_{eq}(C)$ .

### **Figures**



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I), with atom labels and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms.



Fig. 2. The packing of the title compound, viewed down the **b** axis, showing one layer of molecules connected by C—H···O—C and C—H···O—-S hydrogen bonds (dashed lines).

### 1,2-Dimethoxy-4-methyl-3-[(S)-p-tolylsulfinyl]benzene

### Crystal data

 $C_{16}H_{18}O_{3}S$   $M_r = 290.36$ Orthorhombic,  $P2_12_12_1$ Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab a = 7.4170 (6) Å b = 8.5406 (7) Å  $D_x = 1.263 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Melting point: 400 K Mo K $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 9922 reflections  $\theta = 2.5-27.6^{\circ}$  $\mu = 0.22 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  c = 24.0980 (19) Å  $V = 1526.5 (2) \text{ Å}^3$  Z = 4F(000) = 616

Data collection

Data collection	
Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer	3645 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3380 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.028$
Detector resolution: 0.661 pixels mm <sup>-1</sup>	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.9^\circ, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 1.7^\circ$
ω scans	$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2000)	$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$
$T_{\min} = 0.922, \ T_{\max} = 0.942$	$l = -31 \rightarrow 31$
20418 measured reflections	

T = 298 K

Prism, colourless

 $0.38 \times 0.37 \times 0.31 \text{ mm}$ 

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$	H-atom parameters not refined
$wR(F^2) = 0.099$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0693P)^2 + 0.0141P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
<i>S</i> = 1.06	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
3645 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
185 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.13 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1534 Friedel pairs
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Flack parameter: 0.01 (6)

### Special details

х

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(A^2)$ 

y z  $U_{\rm iso}^{*}/U_{\rm eq}$ 

S1	0.57970 (5)	0.27901 (5)	0.149352 (15)	0.04842 (12)
01	0.77239 (19)	0.07949 (18)	0.33551 (5)	0.0664 (4)
O2	0.57075 (15)	0.25318 (11)	0.26763 (4)	0.0500 (3)
O3	0.6876 (2)	0.39213 (16)	0.11616 (5)	0.0671 (4)
C1	0.8129 (2)	0.0711 (2)	0.28050 (7)	0.0527 (4)
C2	0.7012 (2)	0.15921 (17)	0.24538 (6)	0.0447 (3)
C3	0.73064 (19)	0.15714 (18)	0.18847 (6)	0.0451 (3)
C4	0.8742 (2)	0.0726 (2)	0.16503 (7)	0.0544 (4)
C5	0.9821 (2)	-0.0114 (2)	0.20084 (9)	0.0621 (4)
Н5	1.0779	-0.0684	0.1863	0.074*
C6	0.9531 (2)	-0.0143 (2)	0.25777 (8)	0.0621 (4)
H6	1.0278	-0.0736	0.2806	0.074*
C7	0.9144 (3)	0.0710 (3)	0.10365 (8)	0.0695 (5)
H7A	1.0391	0.0458	0.0979	0.104*
H7B	0.8892	0.1723	0.0882	0.104*
H7C	0.8403	-0.0062	0.0858	0.104*
C8	0.8723 (4)	-0.0178 (4)	0.37212 (9)	0.0968 (8)
H8A	0.8235	-0.0095	0.4089	0.145*
H8B	0.9962	0.0149	0.3724	0.145*
H8C	0.8649	-0.1245	0.3598	0.145*
C9	0.4070 (3)	0.1761 (2)	0.28212 (10)	0.0709 (5)
H9A	0.3163	0.2528	0.2903	0.106*
H9B	0.4267	0.1114	0.3141	0.106*
Н9С	0.3679	0.1122	0.2517	0.106*
C10	0.49336 (19)	0.13539 (18)	0.10183 (6)	0.0454 (3)
C11	0.4650 (3)	0.1815 (2)	0.04729 (7)	0.0563 (4)
H11	0.4975	0.2815	0.0358	0.068*
C12	0.3884 (3)	0.0780 (2)	0.01049 (7)	0.0613 (4)
H12	0.3698	0.1089	-0.0261	0.074*
C13	0.3386 (2)	-0.0713 (2)	0.02686 (7)	0.0588 (4)
C14	0.3663 (2)	-0.1131 (2)	0.08149 (8)	0.0580 (4)
H14	0.3330	-0.2128	0.0931	0.070*
C15	0.4417 (2)	-0.01158 (18)	0.11920 (6)	0.0511 (3)
H15	0.4577	-0.0418	0.1560	0.061*
C16	0.2546 (4)	-0.1816 (3)	-0.01457 (11)	0.0911 (8)
H16A	0.3326	-0.1919	-0.0462	0.137*
H16B	0.1401	-0.1410	-0.0263	0.137*
H16C	0.2378	-0.2824	0.0023	0.137*

### Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0537 (2)	0.04504 (19)	0.04650 (18)	0.00360 (16)	0.00099 (15)	-0.00251 (14)
01	0.0699 (8)	0.0764 (9)	0.0528 (6)	0.0157 (7)	-0.0092 (5)	0.0025 (6)
O2	0.0525 (6)	0.0466 (6)	0.0509 (5)	0.0076 (5)	0.0038 (5)	-0.0048 (4)
O3	0.0840 (9)	0.0527 (7)	0.0645 (7)	-0.0127 (6)	0.0057 (7)	0.0006 (6)
C1	0.0492 (8)	0.0512 (9)	0.0576 (9)	-0.0011 (7)	-0.0075 (7)	-0.0026 (7)
C2	0.0422 (7)	0.0406 (7)	0.0513 (8)	-0.0022 (6)	-0.0032 (6)	-0.0052 (6)

C3	0.0405 (7)	0.0431 (7)	0.0518 (8)	-0.0004 (6)	-0.0019 (6)	-0.0059 (6)
C4	0.0432 (7)	0.0558 (9)	0.0642 (9)	-0.0004 (7)	0.0034 (6)	-0.0108 (8)
C5	0.0406 (7)	0.0647 (10)	0.0808 (12)	0.0102 (7)	0.0022 (8)	-0.0110 (9)
C6	0.0455 (9)	0.0640 (10)	0.0766 (11)	0.0082 (8)	-0.0098 (8)	-0.0002 (9)
C7	0.0604 (10)	0.0814 (13)	0.0667 (10)	0.0081 (10)	0.0142 (9)	-0.0172 (9)
C8	0.1024 (18)	0.120 (2)	0.0680 (12)	0.0358 (17)	-0.0160 (12)	0.0157 (14)
C9	0.0540 (9)	0.0672 (11)	0.0915 (14)	0.0034 (8)	0.0160 (9)	-0.0008 (10)
C10	0.0431 (7)	0.0479 (8)	0.0452 (7)	0.0019 (6)	0.0009 (6)	-0.0012 (6)
C11	0.0641 (10)	0.0556 (9)	0.0493 (8)	-0.0001 (8)	-0.0012 (7)	0.0050 (7)
C12	0.0646 (11)	0.0735 (11)	0.0457 (7)	0.0000 (9)	-0.0038 (7)	-0.0004 (8)
C13	0.0483 (8)	0.0698 (11)	0.0583 (9)	-0.0012 (8)	-0.0009 (7)	-0.0117 (8)
C14	0.0550 (9)	0.0525 (9)	0.0665 (9)	-0.0093 (7)	0.0023 (7)	0.0003 (7)
C15	0.0505 (8)	0.0536 (8)	0.0490 (7)	-0.0021 (7)	0.0000 (6)	0.0049 (6)
C16	0.0964 (17)	0.0960 (17)	0.0808 (14)	-0.0243 (15)	-0.0147 (13)	-0.0228 (13)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—O3	1.4877 (13)	C8—H8A	0.9600
S1—C3	1.7959 (15)	C8—H8B	0.9600
S1—C10	1.7961 (15)	C8—H8C	0.9600
S1—O2	2.8595 (11)	С9—Н9А	0.9600
O1—C1	1.361 (2)	С9—Н9В	0.9600
O1—C8	1.421 (2)	С9—Н9С	0.9600
O2—C2	1.3665 (18)	C10-C15	1.377 (2)
O2—C9	1.425 (2)	C10-C11	1.388 (2)
C1—C6	1.384 (2)	C11—C12	1.375 (2)
C1—C2	1.403 (2)	C11—H11	0.9300
C2—C3	1.389 (2)	C12—C13	1.385 (3)
C3—C4	1.405 (2)	С12—Н12	0.9300
C4—C5	1.378 (3)	C13—C14	1.380 (3)
C4—C7	1.509 (3)	C13—C16	1.508 (3)
C5—C6	1.389 (3)	C14—C15	1.375 (2)
С5—Н5	0.9300	C14—H14	0.9300
С6—Н6	0.9300	C15—H15	0.9300
С7—Н7А	0.9600	C16—H16A	0.9600
С7—Н7В	0.9600	C16—H16B	0.9600
С7—Н7С	0.9600	C16—H16C	0.9600
O3—S1—C3	108.86 (8)	O1—C8—H8B	109.5
O3—S1—C10	107.00 (7)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
C3—S1—C10	99.27 (7)	O1—C8—H8C	109.5
O3—S1—O2	126.76 (6)	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
C3—S1—O2	56.39 (5)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
C10—S1—O2	125.07 (5)	О2—С9—Н9А	109.5
C1—O1—C8	117.33 (16)	О2—С9—Н9В	109.5
C2—O2—C9	115.36 (12)	Н9А—С9—Н9В	109.5
C2—O2—S1	68.76 (8)	О2—С9—Н9С	109.5
C9—O2—S1	107.45 (11)	Н9А—С9—Н9С	109.5
O1—C1—C6	125.38 (15)	Н9В—С9—Н9С	109.5
O1—C1—C2	115.42 (15)	C15—C10—C11	120.28 (15)

C6—C1—C2	119.19 (16)	C15—C10—S1	121.85 (11)
O2—C2—C3	120.42 (13)	C11—C10—S1	117.64 (13)
O2—C2—C1	119.74 (14)	C12—C11—C10	119.40 (16)
$C_{3}-C_{2}-C_{1}$	119.74 (14)	C12—C11—H11	120.3
C2—C3—C4	121.52 (14)	C10—C11—H11	120.3
$C_2 = C_3 = S_1$	114 39 (11)	C11-C12-C13	121 22 (15)
C4-C3-S1	123 99 (12)	$C_{11} - C_{12} - H_{12}$	119.4
$C_{5} - C_{4} - C_{3}$	117 11 (16)	C13-C12-H12	119.4
$C_{5} - C_{4} - C_{7}$	119.62 (16)	$C_{14}$ $C_{13}$ $C_{12}$	118.07 (16)
$C_{3}^{-}C_{4}^{-}C_{7}^{-}$	123 27 (16)	$C_{14}$ $C_{13}$ $C_{16}$	122 10 (19)
C4 - C5 - C6	123.27(10) 122.54(15)	$C_{12}$ $C_{13}$ $C_{16}$	119.83 (18)
$C_4 = C_5 = C_0$	1122.54 (15)	$C_{12} = C_{13} = C_{10}$	121.86 (16)
$C_{4} = C_{5} = H_{5}$	110.7	$C_{13} = C_{14} = C_{13}$	121.80 (10)
$C_{0}$	110.7	$C_{13} = C_{14} = H_{14}$	119.1
$C_1 = C_0 = C_3$	119.00 (10)	$C_{13} - C_{14} - C_{14}$	119.1
	120.1	C14 - C15 - C10	119.14 (14)
С5—С6—Н6	120.1	C14—C15—H15	120.4
C4 - C - H/A	109.5	С10—С15—Н15	120.4
C4—C/—H/B	109.5	С13—С16—Н16А	109.5
Н7А—С7—Н7В	109.5	C13—C16—H16B	109.5
С4—С7—Н7С	109.5	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
Н7А—С7—Н7С	109.5	C13—C16—H16C	109.5
Н7В—С7—Н7С	109.5	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
O1—C8—H8A	109.5	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
O3—S1—O2—C2	-90.50 (11)	C2—C3—C4—C5	1.6 (2)
C3—S1—O2—C2	-1.18 (9)	S1—C3—C4—C5	177.80 (13)
C10—S1—O2—C2	75.52 (10)	C2—C3—C4—C7	-178.16 (17)
O3—S1—O2—C9	158.43 (11)	S1—C3—C4—C7	-2.0 (2)
C3—S1—O2—C9	-112.24 (11)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.1 (3)
C10—S1—O2—C9	-35.55 (12)	C7—C4—C5—C6	179.69 (19)
C8—O1—C1—C6	-5.7 (3)	O1-C1-C6-C5	-179.05 (18)
C8—O1—C1—C2	174.92 (19)	C2—C1—C6—C5	0.3 (3)
C9—O2—C2—C3	101.36 (18)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.9 (3)
S1—O2—C2—C3	1.47 (11)	O3—S1—C10—C15	157.47 (13)
C9—O2—C2—C1	-82.32 (19)	C3—S1—C10—C15	44.36 (14)
\$1—O2—C2—C1	177.79 (15)	O2—S1—C10—C15	-10.85 (15)
O1—C1—C2—O2	4.2 (2)	O3—S1—C10—C11	-28.07 (16)
C6-C1-C2-O2	-175.16(14)	C3—S1—C10—C11	-141.18 (14)
01 - C1 - C2 - C3	-17942(15)	02 = 81 = C10 = C11	163 61 (12)
$C_{1} = C_{2} = C_{3}$	12(2)	$C_{15}$ $C_{10}$ $C_{11}$ $C_{12}$	-14(3)
02 - C2 - C3 - C4	1.2(2) 174 15(14)	S1 - C10 - C11 - C12	-175.92(14)
$C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = C_4$	-22(2)	$C_{10}$ $C_{11}$ $C_{12}$ $C_{13}$	0.2(3)
02 - 02 - 03 - 81	-2.2(2)	$C_{11} - C_{12} - C_{13} - C_{14}$	0.2(3)
$C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = S_1$	-17871(12)	$C_{11} = C_{12} = C_{13} = C_{14}$	170.9(2)
$C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = S_1$	170.71(12)	$C_{11} = C_{12} = C_{13} = C_{16}$	179.9(2)
03 - 31 - 03 - 02	125.54(12)	C12 - C13 - C14 - C15	-0.3(3)
$C_{10} = S_{1} = C_{2} = C_{2}$	-125.01(12)	C10 - C13 - C14 - C15	-1/9.0(2)
02 - 51 - 02 - 02	1.19 (9)	C13 - C14 - C15 - C10	-0.9 (3)
03-81-03-04	-53.11 (15)	C11 - C10 - C15 - C14	1.7 (2)
C10—S1—C3—C4	58.54 (14)	S1-C10-C15-C14	176.01 (13)
O2—S1—C3—C4	-175.27 (16)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· $A$
C8—H8B···O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.96	2.58	3.366 (3)	139.
C14—H14···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.59	3.457 (2)	155.
C15—H15…O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.55	3.3886 (18)	150.
C12—H12···O3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.56	3.406 (2)	152.

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+2, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (ii) -x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (iii) x-1/2, -y+1/2, -z.







Fig. 2